

**AXS Adaptive Plus Fund****(Investor Class: AXSVX)****(Class I: AXSPX)**

Summary Prospectus

January 31, 2024

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.axsinvestments.com/resources/>. You may also obtain this information at no cost by calling 1-833-AXS-ALTS (1-833-297-2587) or by sending an e-mail request to info@axsinvestments.com. The Fund's Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated January 31, 2024, as each may be amended or supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the AXS Adaptive Plus Fund (the "Fund") is to seek capital appreciation in rising and falling U.S. equity markets.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy, hold and sell shares of the Fund. You may pay other fees, such as brokerage commissions and other fees to financial intermediaries, which are not reflected in the table and example below.

	Investor Class Shares⁴	Class I Shares
Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>		
Wire fee	\$ 20	\$ 20
Overnight check delivery fee	\$ 25	\$ 25
Retirement account fees (annual maintenance fee)	\$ 15	\$ 15
Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>		
Management fees	1.50%	1.50%
Distribution (Rule 12b-1) fee	0.25%	None
Other expenses ¹	0.81%	0.81%
Acquired fund fees and expenses	0.06%	0.06%
Total annual fund operating expenses^{1,2}	2.62%	2.37%
Fees waived and/or expenses reimbursed ³	(0.32)%	(0.32)%
Total annual fund operating expenses after waiving fees and/or reimbursing Expenses^{1,2,3}	2.30%	2.05%

¹ The costs of investing in one or more equity-linked options purchased by the Fund directly (each, an "Option" and collectively, the "Options") is an indirect expense that is not included in the above fee table and is not reflected in the expense example. An Option's returns will be reduced and its losses increased by the operating expenses and management fees of the underlying trading program (as described under "Principal Investment Strategies") associated with the Option, which are the fees and expenses deducted by the counterparty in the calculation of the returns of the Option. Such fees are accrued daily within the Option and deducted from the Option's value daily. The total indirect costs of investing in Options is estimated to be 0.3125% for the current fiscal year.

² The total annual fund operating expenses and net operating expenses after fee waiver and/or expense reimbursements do not correlate to the ratio of expenses to average net assets appearing in the financial highlights table, which reflects only the operating expenses of the Fund and does not include acquired fund fees and expenses.

- ³ The Fund's advisor has contractually agreed to waive its fees and/or pay for operating expenses of the Fund to ensure that total annual fund operating expenses (excluding any taxes, leverage interest, brokerage commissions, dividend and interest expenses on short sales, fees and expenses associated with instruments in other collective investment vehicles or derivative instruments (including, for example, options and swap fees and expenses), acquired fund fees and expenses (as determined in accordance with SEC Form N-1A), expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, and extraordinary expenses such as litigation expenses) do not exceed 2.24% and 1.99% of the average daily net assets of Investor Class shares and Class I shares of the Fund, respectively. This agreement is in effect until January 31, 2025, and it may be terminated before that date only by the Trust's Board of Trustees. The Fund's advisor is permitted to seek reimbursement from the Fund, subject to certain limitations, of fees waived or payments made to the Fund for a period ending three years after the date of the waiver or payment. Any such reimbursement may be requested from the Fund if the reimbursement will not cause the Fund's annual expense ratio to exceed the lesser of (a) the expense limitation in effect at the time such fees were waived or payments made, or (b) the expense limitation in effect at the time of the reimbursement.
- ⁴ Investor Class Shares are currently not offered and expenses have been estimated for the current fiscal year.

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The example reflects the Fund's contractual fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement only for the term of the contractual fee waiver and/or expense reimbursement.

Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
Investor Class ¹ Shares	\$233	\$784	\$1,362	\$2,930
Class I Shares	\$208	\$709	\$1,237	\$2,682

- ¹ Investor Class Shares are currently not offered and have been estimated for the current fiscal year.

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 0% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

Under normal market conditions, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in equity-linked call options or swaps that provide exposure to the ProfitScore Capital Management, Inc. ("ProfitScore") trading program (the "Trading Program"), which is designed to produce the returns of the ProfitScore Regime-Adaptive Long/Short Equity Index (the "Index"). The Index provides varying long and short exposure to U.S. equities and cash equivalents, in an effort to offer risk-adjusted performance greater than that of a portfolio equally distributed across U.S. equities and cash equivalents. Determining Index exposure and allocation is performed in two steps: first, determination of the market environment for U.S. equities (i.e., low volatility or high volatility), and second, capturing the short-term price changes (up and/or down) observed in the respective asset classes (i.e., U.S. equities and cash equivalents) that the Index tracks. Because the Fund cannot invest in the Index directly, the Fund utilizes options and/or swaps to generate returns that correspond directly to the returns of the Trading Program and, indirectly, the Index.

The Trading Program's (and therefore the Index's) investment strategy is based on the concept that equity market efficiency is negatively correlated with volatility. When volatility increases, market efficiency declines, and vice versa. The volatility state of the market determines alpha/beta opportunities. Historically, U.S. equity markets experience low levels of volatility approximately 55% of the time. Low volatility periods are commonly known as bull markets,

when longer-term uptrends and the majority of market gains occur. The Index's U.S. equity exposure will attempt to systematically capture beta, which is the return generated from a portfolio that can be attributable to the overall market returns, during low volatility regimes. When volatility is elevated, the Index will adjust its U.S. equity exposure in an attempt to generate alpha, which is a measure of the amount that an investment has returned in comparison to the market or benchmark. The overall goal of the Index is to minimize the effect of U.S. equity volatility on the Index while generating gains in bull or bear markets.

The options and swaps in which the Fund intends to invest are designed to produce returns similar to the Index. The Fund does not invest more than 25% of its net assets with any one option counterparty or swap contract counterparty, subject to compliance with rules under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

The Fund's advisor allocates the Fund's assets not invested in options or swaps or used as collateral for such investments in U.S. Government securities, such as bills, notes and bonds issued by the U.S. Treasury, and/or other fixed income securities that are rated investment grade by Standard & Poor's, a division of McGraw Hill Companies Inc. ("S&P") or Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's"), or are of comparable quality at time of purchase, to generate income. The Fund may invest directly or indirectly in fixed income securities of any maturity. The Fund may also invest in exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") or money market funds in order to generate income.

The Fund is non-diversified, which means that it can invest a greater percentage of its assets in any one issuer than a diversified fund. Investing in fewer issuers makes the Fund more susceptible to financial, economic or market events impacting such issuers and may cause the Fund's share price to be more volatile than the share price of a diversified fund.

Principal Risks of Investing

Risk is inherent in all investing and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. A summary description of certain principal risks of investing in the Fund is set forth below. Before you decide whether to invest in the Fund, carefully consider these risk factors associated with investing in the Fund, which may cause investors to lose money. There can be no assurance that the Fund will achieve its investment objectives.

Market Risk. The market price of a security or instrument may decline, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to general market conditions that are not specifically related to a particular company, such as real or perceived adverse economic, political or geopolitical conditions throughout the world, changes in the general outlook for corporate earnings, changes in interest or currency rates, or adverse investor sentiment generally. In addition, local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, international conflicts, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issues, or other events could have a significant impact on a security or instrument. The market value of a security or instrument also may decline because of factors that affect a particular industry or industries, such as labor shortages or increased production costs and competitive conditions within an industry. The increasing interconnectivity between global economies and financial markets increases the likelihood that events or conditions in one region or financial market may adversely impact issuers in a different country, region or financial market.

Equity Risk. The value of the equity securities held by the Fund may fall due to general market and economic conditions, perceptions regarding the industries in which the issuers of securities held by the Fund participate, or factors relating to specific companies in which the Fund invests.

Derivatives Risk. Derivatives include instruments and contracts that are based on and valued in relation to one or more underlying securities, financial benchmarks, indices, or other reference obligations or measures of value. Major types of derivatives include options, and swaps. Using derivatives exposes the Fund to additional or heightened risks, including leverage risk, liquidity risk, valuation risk, market risk, counterparty risk, and credit risk. Derivatives transactions can be highly illiquid and difficult to unwind or value, they can increase Fund volatility, and changes in the value of a derivative held by the Fund may not correlate with the value of the underlying instrument or the Fund's other investments. Many of the risks applicable to trading the instruments underlying derivatives are also applicable to derivatives trading. However, derivatives are subject to additional risks such as operational risk, including settlement issues, and legal risk, including that underlying documentation

is incomplete or ambiguous. For derivatives that are required to be cleared by a regulated clearinghouse, other risks may arise from the Fund's relationship with a brokerage firm through which it submits derivatives trades for clearing, including in some cases from other clearing customers of the brokerage firm.

- **Options Risk.** Purchasing and writing put and call options are highly specialized activities and entail greater than ordinary investment risks. The Fund may not fully benefit from or may lose money on an option if changes in its value do not correspond as anticipated to changes in the value of the underlying securities. If the Fund is not able to sell an option held in its portfolio, it would have to exercise the option to realize any profit and would incur transaction costs upon the purchase or sale of the underlying securities. Ownership of options involves the payment of premiums, which may adversely affect the Fund's performance.
- **Swaps.** The Fund may enter into swaps. A swap is a commitment between two parties to make or receive payments based on agreed upon terms, and whose value and payments are derived by changes in the value of an underlying financial instrument, such as an index or basket of securities. Swaps can take many different forms and are known by a variety of names. Total return swaps are contracts in which one party agrees to make periodic payments based on the change in market value of the underlying assets, which may include a specified security, basket of securities or security indexes during the specified period, in return for periodic payments based on a fixed or variable interest rate of the total return from other underlying assets. Depending on how they are used, swaps may increase or decrease the overall volatility of the Fund's portfolio. A significant factor in the performance of a swap is the change in the specific underlying financial instrument, such as the individual equity values, which, along with other factors, determines the amounts of payments due to and from the Fund.

Fixed Income Securities Risk. The prices of fixed income securities respond to economic developments, particularly interest rate changes, as well as to changes in an issuer's credit rating or market perceptions about the creditworthiness of an issuer. Generally fixed income securities decrease in value if interest rates rise and increase in value if interest rates fall, and longer-term and lower rated securities are more volatile than shorter-term and higher rated securities.

Interest Rate Risk. Generally fixed income securities decrease in value if interest rates rise and increase in value if interest rates fall, with longer-term securities being more sensitive than shorter-term securities. For example, the price of a security with a three-year duration would be expected to drop by approximately 3% in response to a 1% increase in interest rates. Generally, the longer the maturity and duration of a bond or fixed rate loan, the more sensitive it is to this risk. Falling interest rates also create the potential for a decline in the Fund's income. Changes in governmental policy, rising inflation rates, and general economic developments, among other factors, could cause interest rates to increase and could have a substantial and immediate effect on the values of the Fund's investments. In addition, a potential rise in interest rates may result in periods of volatility and increased redemptions that might require the Fund to liquidate portfolio securities at disadvantageous prices and times.

Leveraging Risk. Certain Fund transactions, such as entering into futures contracts, options, and short sales, may give rise to a form of leverage. Leverage can magnify the effects of changes in the value of the Fund's investments and make the Fund more volatile. Leverage creates a risk of loss of value on a larger pool of assets than the Fund would otherwise have had, potentially resulting in the loss of all assets. The Fund may also have to sell assets at inopportune times to satisfy its obligations in connection with such transactions.

Credit Risk. If an issuer or guarantor of a debt security held by the Fund or a counterparty to a financial contract with the Fund defaults or is downgraded or is perceived to be less creditworthy, or if the value of the assets underlying a security declines, the value of the Fund's portfolio will typically decline.

ETF Risk. Investing in an ETF will provide the Fund with exposure to the securities comprising the index on which the ETF is based and will expose the Fund to risks similar to those of investing directly in those securities. Shares of ETFs typically trade on securities exchanges and may at times trade at a premium or discount to their net asset values. In addition, an ETF may not replicate exactly the performance of the benchmark index it seeks to track for a number of reasons, including transaction costs incurred by the ETF, the temporary unavailability of

certain index securities in the secondary market or discrepancies between the ETF and the index with respect to the weighting of securities or the number of securities held. Investing in ETFs, which are investment companies, involves duplication of advisory fees and certain other expenses. The Fund will pay brokerage commissions in connection with the purchase and sale of shares of ETFs.

Government-Sponsored Entities Risk. The Fund's investment in U.S. government obligations may include securities issued or guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government, or its agencies or instrumentalities. There can be no assurance that the U.S. government would provide financial support to its agencies or instrumentalities (including government-sponsored enterprises) when it is not obligated to do so.

Non-Diversification Risk. The Fund is classified as "non-diversified," which means the Fund may invest a larger percentage of its assets in the securities of a smaller number of issuers than a diversified fund. Investment in securities of a limited number of issuers exposes the Fund to greater market risk and potential losses than if its assets were diversified among the securities of a greater number of issuers.

Management and Strategy Risk. The value of your investment depends on the judgment of the Fund's Advisor about the quality, relative yield, value or market trends affecting a particular security, industry, sector or region, which may prove to be incorrect.

Cybersecurity Risk. Cybersecurity incidents may allow an unauthorized party to gain access to Fund assets, customer data (including private shareholder information), or proprietary information, or cause the Fund, the Advisor, and/or other service providers (including custodians, sub-custodians, transfer agents and financial intermediaries) to suffer data breaches, data corruption or loss of operational functionality. In an extreme case, a shareholder's ability to exchange or redeem Fund shares may be affected. Issuers of securities in which the Fund invests are also subject to cybersecurity risks, and the value of those securities could decline if the issuers experience cybersecurity incidents.

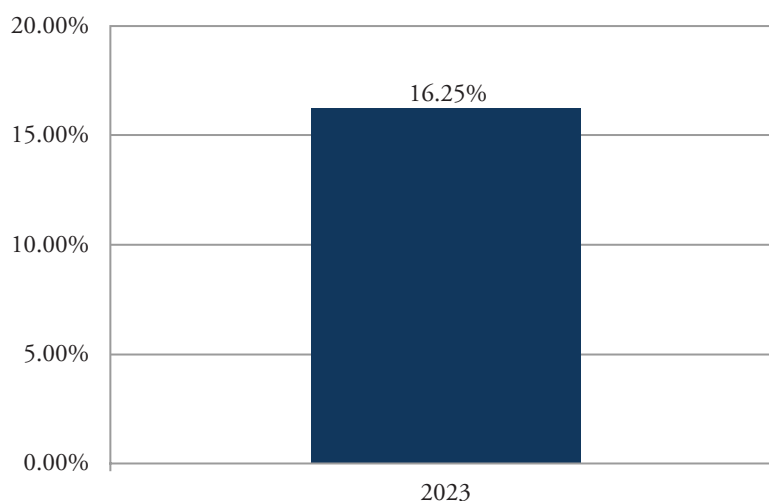
Recent Market Events. Periods of market volatility may occur in response to market events and other economic, political, and global macro factors. For example, in recent years the COVID-19 pandemic, the large expansion of government deficits and debt as a result of government actions to mitigate the effects of the pandemic, Russia's invasion of Ukraine, and the rise of inflation have resulted in extreme volatility in the global economy and in global financial markets. These and other similar events could be prolonged and could adversely affect the value and liquidity of the Fund's investments, impair the Fund's ability to satisfy redemption requests, and negatively impact the Fund's performance.

Performance

The bar chart and table below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year for Class I shares and by showing how the average annual total returns of each class of the Fund compare with the average annual total returns of the S&P 500 Index, a broad-based market index. Performance for classes other than those shown may vary from the performance shown to the extent the expenses for those classes differ. Updated performance information is available at the Fund's website, www.axsinvestments.com, or by calling the Fund at 1-833-AXS-ALTS (1-833-297-2587). The Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future.

Calendar-Year Total Return (before taxes) for Class I Shares

For each calendar year at NAV



Class I Shares		
Highest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV	8.75%	Quarter Ended December 31, 2023
Lowest Calendar Quarter Return at NAV	(3.69)%	Quarter Ended September 30, 2023

Average Annual Total Returns (for Period Ended December 31, 2023)	One Year	Since Inception (9/15/22)
Class I Shares Return Before Taxes	16.25%	6.27%
Class I Shares Return After Taxes on Distributions*	15.65%	5.75%
Class I Shares Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares*	9.61%	4.56%
S&P 500 Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	26.29%	18.76%

* After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. After-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts. After-tax returns are shown for Class I Shares only and after-tax returns for classes other than Class I Shares will vary from returns shown for Class I Shares.

Investment Advisor

AXS Investments LLC (the "Advisor") is the Fund's investment advisor.

Portfolio Managers

Parker Binion, Portfolio Manager of the Advisor, and Travis Trampe, Portfolio Manager of the Advisor, have been jointly and primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio since its inception in September 2022.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

To purchase shares of the Fund, you must invest at least the minimum amount. Currently, Investor Class shares are not available for purchase.

Minimum Investments	To Open Your Account	To Add to Your Account
Investor Class Shares		
Direct Regular Accounts	\$2,500	\$ 500
Direct Retirement Accounts	\$2,500	\$ 500
Automatic Investment Plan	\$2,500	\$ 100
Gift Account For Minors	\$2,500	\$ 500
Class I Shares		
All Accounts	\$5,000	None

Fund shares are redeemable on any business day the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”) is open for business, by written request or by telephone.

Tax Information

The Fund’s distributions are generally taxable, and will ordinarily be taxed as ordinary income, qualified dividend income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. Shareholders investing through such tax-advantaged arrangements may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from those arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.

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